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Upper George's-street, Limerick, August 17.

This day, John Kearns and John Korke were hanged at the front of the County Jail, for assaulting the habitation of James Kerby and seizing his fire-arms. These unfortunate wretches were taken in the act of committing the outrage, by the peasantry, and laudably brought to justice by their exertions. John Korke was first-cousin to Jere. Korke, executed on Saturday, for attempting to assassinate Mr. Levers.

The house of Mrs. McDonnell, at the Crescent, was feloniously entered at the mere, on Thursday night, and robbed of two pair of plated candlesticks and some wearing apparel.

About seven o'clock last evening a fire broke out in Lady Clarina's dwelling-house, at the head of Newenham-street, but it was soon extinguished, without doing much damage, by the firemen of the Royal Exchange Assurance Company, whose Engine was in attendance. Parties of the 42d Regiment and Captain Drought's Police were promptly brought up to protect the premises.

At Kilkenny Assizes, William Nelson, of the 52d Regiment, was burned in the hand and discharged, for firing at James Rowe, at Skaigh, near Carrick. Thomas Marks was convicted of the murder of Catherine Hanrahan. Michael Campion and John Ryan were tried on the deposition of an informer, for the murder of John Shelly, and acquitted.

Two of Captain Drought's Police, stationed at Lemonfield, having heard noise in the Rev. Mr. Garston's fields, on Wednesday night, were induced to proceed to the spot, where they discovered three men and two women, with a sheep in their hands, which they were about to kill, but on seeing the Police, they took to flight. The Police, however, secured one of the men, with all the implements for killing and skinning, and have since apprehended another, and the two women, in the Irishtown here.

The floods occasioned by the late rains have done incalculable injury to the hay crops, on the low lands—all the hay on the meadows at Groody, near this City, is most materially injured, if not totally lost; and we are sorry to find that the rains have been general and the injury equally so thro' the country. On the corcasses, near Mount Prospect, several hundred acres are covered with water, and the hay presents a most lamentable appearance, scattered and floating about in every direction.

A poor man named Goggin, at Doneraile, on Saturday, took a dose of the roots of monkshood, (*aconitum napellus*) in mistake for golden rod, for a complaint in the kidneys; he almost immediately expired.

A large vessel, sent by Government with salt for the fisheries, timber, iron, &c. for repairing fishing vessels on the Kerry coast, has arrived at Dingle.

Mr. Therry, Commissioner of Excise, who

most luminous speeches we have heard for a long time, brought with deep legal knowledge. It appeared that the Defendant resided in the Barracks of Co. Wick. That during the disturbances of last Winter, several were obliged to take refuge in that town, and some were accommodated with apartments in the Barracks, where several stand of arms had been placed for their use. That a nightly guard was held there who patrolled the Barracks, and that Mr. Twiss employed the Constables for that purpose, that during the day they were deposited in the Barrack, and that at night they were supplied with long muskets and bayonets, as more than their Carbines, that upon one occasion, Mr. Twiss, the brother of defendant, and who is also a traitor, took one of these Carbines to protect his return to his house, three miles from Castlebar, neglected to restore it for some days. It appeared the Defendant knew nothing of this circumstance at the time, as the Carbine was taken out of an apartment by Doctor Luby. It further appeared that in the last, and when no disturbances existed in the Co. Wick, the Defendant lent a gun for the purpose of sporting to a person of the name of Connell, who lives in the neighborhood of Boston, on the borders of the county Limerick, was a person of good character and a wealthy farmer, although subsequently had been suspected of connecting himself with the insurgents, and that defendant made several ineffectual attempts to recover the gun, as appeared also by the evidence of John Bateman, about Christmas last, Lord Brandon declared in his judgment at Castleisland, that he had the utmost confidence in Messrs. Twiss, as Magistrates of that neighbourhood, assisting him to preserve the peace. The Counsel for the Plaintiff urged that the Noble Defendant had maliciously in order of these transactions, and had represented to the Bench of the gun to Connell, and the taking of the Carbine, by Plaintiff, in his report to the Bench of the Bench, with the intent, to excite in their minds, and in the opinion, a persuasion that Plaintiff had disarmed a zealous constable for the purpose of arming a noted insurgent, and thereby to exhibit Plaintiff as unfit to hold the commission of the Peace. Here for Plaintiff closed. For the defence it appeared that Lord Brandon had obtained two Civil Bill Decrees against Plaintiff for a balance at foot of a long and heavy account held by Plaintiff from the Noble Lord. That in one of those decrees had represented to Lord Brandon that Plaintiff had threatened to shoot his other man who would attempt to execute such debt, that he carried pistols for that purpose, that Lord Brandon communicated with Mr. P. Clute, a neighbouring tradesman on the subject, and called upon him to require Plaintiff to enter into recognizance to keep the peace, with Plaintiff, which Mr. Twiss refused to do, repeating his debt, that he carried pistols for his protection, that the Noble Defendant felt it his duty to complain to the Bench of Magistrates then assembled in Tralee, of so great an offence against the laws on part of one of their own body, that occasion the Defendant stated as a further cause of complaint against Plaintiff, and a reason to induce their indignation, that the Plaintiff had taken away the arms of a zealous constable and had armed a noted leader of the insurgents. Counsel argued, that in stating this circumstance the Defendant was not actuated by malice or ill will to Plaintiff, but merely was discharging his duty as a tradesman, and that he considered the Bench of Magistrates a proper tribunal before whom such complaint was to be made.

The Learned Serjeant (Torrens) before whom the case was heard, summed up the evidence, and in a perspicuous charge to the Jury, explained the law and the application of that law to the present facts. The Jury retired for about two hours, and brought in a verdict for the Plaintiff of 40s. damages and 6d. costs.

On Monday last, James Casey and Michael Hennigan were tried at Tralee for the murder of Mrs. Kelly, nee Bunniou. They were convicted without the Jury. Casey was son-in-law to Mrs. Kelly, whom he murdered for the sake of terminating her jointure which would have amounted to 1000l. The wretches were hanged on Wednesday, and acknowledged the justice of their sentence. It is to be regretted that Casey premeditated a plan to murder John Raymond, Esq. (who apprehended the wretches) by plunging a knife into his heart, when he thought he had approached him in the dark. This Casey related to the clergyman who attended him at the Gallows.

The following convictions have also taken place